

L 38285-66 EWP(j) RM

ACC NR: AP6029164

SOURCE CODE: RU/0003/66/017/002/0069/0072

AUTHOR: Moldovan, I.; Gruder, Galia

ORG: none

TITLE: New technological process for the preparation of high-quality TiO₂ sub 2 pigment

SOURCE: Revista de chimie, v. 17, no. 2, 1966, 69-72

TOPIC TAGS: titanium dioxide, pigment, chemical production

ABSTRACT:
The authors describe a process for the preparation of TiO₂ by chlorination which permits the recycling of the secondary products in a continuous process and eliminates the difficulties associated with the handling of liquid TiCl₄. The process consists of: chlorination of the titaniferous raw materials, separation of the solid suspensions and condensable chlorides, absorption of gaseous TiCl₄ in HCl or H₂SO₄ solution, decomposition of the K₂TiCl₆ precipitated from the solution, and oxidation to TiO₂. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. [Based on authors' Eng. abst.] [JPRS: 36,556]

SUB CODE: 07, 11 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 010

Card 1/1 JS

UDC: 661.882.2

0917 2.731

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

GRUDOV, A.P.

Composition and nomenclature of garnets of the andradite-glossular
isomorphic series. Trudy Min. muz. no.15:108-114 '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8"

RLD:AG
GRUDEV, A.P., dotsent; ANTSYFEROV, I.K., inzhener.

"Brief handbook for rolling mill workers" by D. K.A.Gurevich.
Reviewed by A.P.Grudev, I.K.Antsyferov. Stal' 16 no.10:953-956
O '56. (MLRA 10:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy metallurgicheskiy institut (for Grudev).
2. Ministerstvo chernoy metallurgii SSSR (for Antsyferov).
(Rolling (Metalwork))

YAKHONTOVA, L.K.; GRUDEV, A.P.

Experimental study of the isomorphous relationship between Co
and Ni i arsenates [with summary in English]. Geokhimiia
no.3:240-252 '57. (MLRA 10:?)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V. Lomonosova,
Kafedra mineralogii.

(Cobalt) (Nickel) (Arsenates)

SOV/137-58-9-18956

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 114 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Grudev, A.P.

TITLE: On Methods of Determining Coefficient of Friction in Rolling (O metodakh opredeleniya koefitsiyenta treniya pri prokatke)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Prokatn. i trubn. proiz-vo. Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1958, pp 41-62

ABSTRACT: The results of a determination of the coefficient of friction (CF) in rolling by different methods under identical conditions are adduced. The method of "maximum angle of bite" is applicable only to the investigation of CF during bite. The "ultimate reduction" method involves an interruption in the rolling process when the rolls start to slip; CF is found from the conditions $\alpha_{c_{max}} = n \beta_a$, where $\alpha_{c_{max}}$ is the maximum angle of contact representing the moment of the onset of slip, $\beta_y = \tan^{-1} f_y$ is the angle of friction, and n is a coefficient numerically equal to the ratio of the contact angle to the angle of inclination of the resultant of the radial unit pressures; it is usually taken that n=2. When the method of "braking of the strip

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SOV/137-58-9-18956

On Methods of Determining Coefficient of Friction in Rolling

in the rolls" (suggested by I.M. Pavlov) is employed, the total roll pressure (P) and the braking force are measured during the process of slip. Employing the equation for the equilibrium of forces in the horizontal and vertical planes, we determine the CF. To determine CF by this method it is suggested that a special instrument be used. Experiments have shown that the braking method can yield satisfactory results only if a selfrecording, low-inertia measuring apparatus be employed, which makes it possible to record the magnitude of the braking forces and the P at the initial moment of slippage. When the "forward slip" method is employed, it is necessary to allow for spread in the rolling of narrow samples, when there is significant transverse deformation. Experimental data testify to the fact that, in its present form, the forward slip method is not suited to precise determination of CF. The "pressure" method measures the total P on the rolls. The value found is substituted in one of the theoretical formulas for calculation of P . Then a value of CF is chosen at which the experimental and calculated P are in complete agreement. This method does not permit determination of the true values of CF.

B.Ts.

1. Rolling mills--Friction 2. Rolling mills--Mathematical analysis
Card 2/2

REF ID:

Grudev, A. P.

SOT/163-53-2-31/46

TITLE:

On the Problem of the Gripping Properties of Rollers
(K voprosu o zakhvatyvayushchey sposobnosti prokatnykh valkov)

PERIODICAL:

Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1958,
Nr 2, pp. 172-177 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The gripping properties in the rolling process were investigated. The maximum of the gripping angle in the initial moment of rolling ($\alpha_{H_{max}} = 9^{\circ}55'$) as well as the size of the contact angle ($\alpha_{C_{max}} = 5^{\circ}50'$) were determined for certain given dimensions of sample and roll. When comparing the values of α_H and α_C it was found that in the rolling process the gripping properties of rolling are greatest in the initial moment. To determine the ratio between the two angles more accurately investigations with a steel alloy of the following composition were carried out in hot rolling: Co = 0,22 %, Mn = 0,40 %, Si = traces, S = 0,035 %, P = 0,030 %. The con-

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On the Problem of the Gripping Properties of Rollers ECV/153-59-2-31 '45

tact angle and the friction coefficient in gripping were determined. The friction coefficient amounts to 0,35 at 1040°c. The ratio $\alpha_{\text{max}} : \alpha_{\text{Hmax}}$ = 0,87.

For the sake of industrial rolling processes as well as for the development of the rolling theory it is necessary to carry out further investigations at different rolling conditions in order to determine the true ratio between the two angles. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 9 references, 9 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Dnepropetrovskiy metallurgicheskiy institut (Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute)

SUBMITTED: October 7, 1957

SOV/133-59-5-19/31

AUTHORS: Chekmarev, A.P., Academician of the Ac.Sc. Ukr.SSR,
Dinnik, A.A., Grudev, A.P., Mut'yev, M.S., Spiridonov, N.P.,
Candidates of Technical Sciences and Vorotyntsev, Yu.V.,
Engineer

TITLE: On Maximum Angles of Bite During Rolling (O maksimal'nykh
uglakh zakhvata pri prokatke) (I)

PERIODICAL: Stal', 1959, Nr 5, pp 444-445 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: These are remarks on the paper of B.P. Bakhtinov -
"Utilisation of Reserve Friction Forces During Rolling
on a Blooming Mill" (Stal', 1957, Nr 2) which was discussed
during a conference on working of metals by pressure in
Dnepropetrovsk. In the original paper, the author
attempted to explain why the theoretical relationship
 $\alpha_e = 2\alpha_b$ (where α_e - maximum angle of bite during the
steady state process of rolling, α_b - maximum angle of bite
during the initial moment of feeding metal into rolls) is
not confirmed by practice. The present authors point out
that the work of the Rolling Section of the Academy of
Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR established the deciding
influence of scale on the coefficient of friction which
Card 1/3 led to the following conclusions: 1) Scale has little

On Maximum Angles of Bite During Rolling

SOV/133-59-5-19/31

influence on the initial conditions of bite as during the moment of feeding the metal into the rolls, the latter break off the scale from the edges of the specimen being fed into them, leaving clean metal.

2) The relatively small influence of scale on the friction coefficient and maximum angle of bite during slipping and stoppage of metal in rolls is also due to breaking off of scale from the contact surface of the rolls.

3) The scale reduces considerably (2 - 2.5 times) the coefficient of friction during the steady state rolling process, whereupon a wide field of instability of the process appears - from a bite angle below the friction angle (at $\alpha_b \approx 24^\circ$ and the ratio of $\alpha_e/\alpha_b \leq 1$) up to friction angles corresponding to complete slipping ($\alpha_b = 39-40^\circ$).

4) On rolling specimens from which scale was removed, a sharp increase of the friction coefficient was observed, whereupon a stable rolling process is attained at an angle of bite $\alpha_e = 39-40^\circ$ and a ratio $\alpha_e/\alpha_b \approx 1.7$.

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On Maximum Angles of Bite During Rolling SOV/133-59-5-19/31

5) On rolling specimens for which no attempt was made to preserve or remove the scale, the ratio of the angles of bite varied within a wide range - from 1.5 to values below unity. Thus, the ratios of angles of bite obtained during rolling $\alpha_e/\alpha_b = 1.25 - 1.35$ (Ref 4) and occasionally below unity should be explained mainly by a decrease in the friction coefficient on transfer from the initial stage of bite to the steady state process induced by the scale or other causes. With preliminary removal of scale and forced feeding of metal into the rolls, a steady state progress can be obtained at large angles of bite. In conclusion it is stated that the corrections of Bakhtinov relating to the steady state conditions of rolling are incorrect.

There are 5 Soviet references.

Card 3/3

(14) GRUDEV, A.P.

PART I BOOK EXPLOITATION 307/3611

Dnepropetrovsk. Metallurgicheskiy Institut

Obrabotka metallov davleniem (Metal Forming). Khar'kov. Metallurg. i Smet. 1960. 326 p. (Series: Itc: Nauchnyye trudy, vyp. 39). 2,100 copies printed.

Ed.: A.P. Chel'marev; Ed. of Publishing House: R.A. Belina; Tech. Ed.: S.P. Andreyev.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for technical and scientific personnel in metallurgy and in mechanical engineering. It will also be of interest to designers of rolling equipment.

COVERAGE: This collection of articles treats the theory of rolling. It discusses such factors as the total and the unit pressures of the work on rolls, moments of rolling, forward slip, spread, etc. It also includes results obtained from investigation of rail quality, rolling of cast iron sheets, and other problems. No personalities are mentioned. References follow each article.

Chel'marev, A.P., and M.L. Chernobuk (Candidate of Technical Sciences), "The Influence of Metal in the Manufacture of Pipe," 173.

The authors present a method for determination of local (layer) deformations for any class of pipe in the focus of deformation, at various manufacturing processes (rolling, drawing, rotary rolling) in order to determine the most suitable process for given conditions.

Chel'marev, A.P., Ye.S. Pankov, Antonov [Candidate of Technical Sciences], and I.N. Tikhonov [Engineer]. "Kinematics of the Process of Helical Rolling," 191.

The authors try to explain in a new way a number of phenomena occurring during helical rolling. The kinematics of the process, magnitude and direction of forces in the contact area, slip of sheet, and the ways of identification of the process of helical rolling.

Obol'shin, M.M. [Candidate of Technical Sciences]. Effect of Size and Shape of Trapezoidal Roll Passes on the Quality of Rails 221. The article deals with experiments undertaken by the author in order to determine the effect of the conditions of deformation during helical rolling on elimination of defects in rails. The practical recommendations concerning the shape passes and magnitude of drafts are presented.

Chel'marev, A.P., A.P. Grishay [Candidate of Technical Sciences], and V.G. Zhukov [Engineer]. "Cold Rolling of Annealed Cast Iron Sheet," 231.

The authors describe process of removing defects on cast iron sheets either by hot or by cold rolling.

Mikol'shanskiy, Ye.O. [Engineer], S.I. Vitsen'zon [Candidate of Technical Sciences], and L.D. Stepanova [Engineer]. "Effect of Cold Deformation on the Properties of Cast Iron Sheets," 243.

Effect of cold hardening, recrystallization, number of passes, size amount of draft on the ductility and strength of cast iron sheets is discussed.

Vatkin, Ya.L. [Candidate of Technical Sciences], I.D. Krontfeld, I.D. Vorob'ev, and I.A. Chemikaryan [Engineers]. Investigation of Pressure on Rolls, and Power Consumption at Rolling Pipe in Continuous Rolling Mill with Long Mandrel 252.

The authors discuss the distribution of pressure on rolls, the effect of wall thickness and amount of additional alloy in steel on the pressure of the rolls. They give formulas for determination of unit and total roll pressure, and for power consumption in continuous rolling.

Chel'marev, A.P., and I.Ye. Mat'jushov. Experimental Investigation of Unit Pressure in Hot Rolling 273.

The authors conducted a laboratory investigation in the Dnepropetrovsk Metallurgical Institute on determination of basic

values, and distribution pattern of the unit pressure in the

contact area in rolling of test and of various thicknesses

and with various drafts.

GRUDEV, A.P.

Correlation ratio between cobalt and sulfur in metasomatic
deposits of magnetites. Vest.Mosk.un.Ser.4: Geol. 15 no.3:
53-57 My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Kafedra mineralogii Moskovskogo universiteta.
(Cobalt) (Sulfur) (Magnetite)

5/137/61/000/006/037/092
AOC6/A101

AUTHCRS: Chekmarev, A.P., Grudev, A.P., Zhuk, V.G.

TITLE: Cold rolling of annealed cast iron sheets

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 6, 1961, 6, abstract 6D48
("Nauchn. tr. Dnepropetr. metallurg. in-t", 1960, no. 39, 231-242)

TEXT: Information is given on results of cold rolling of annealed cast iron sheets. The value serves as a basic characteristic of the deformation degree. Specimens of roofing cast iron sheets were rolled at from 0.1 to 53.5% per pass on a two high mill with rolls of 185 - 200 mm in diameter and 180 mm barrel length. Specimens with high reduction (relative widening up to 512%) were rolled on a four high mill with working rolls of 125 mm in diameter, backing rolls of 420 mm in diameter and 500 mm barrel length. As a result it was established that: 1) annealed cast iron sheets having the structure of ferrite wrought iron, are a sufficiently plastic material and can be rolled at room temperature; 2) when rolling cast iron sheets the mean specific pressure is

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Cold rolling of annealed cast iron sheets

S/137/61/000/006/C37/092
A006/A101

higher than during rolling of carbon steel; 3) the use of greases (castor oil, machine oil and emulsion) reduces the metal pressure on the rolls.

V. Pospekhov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

GRUDEV, A.P.; RATNIKOVA, G.I.

Ilvaite, hisingerite, and dashkesanite from the southern sections of
Dashkesan deposit (Azerbaijan). Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv.
3 no.5:89-93 My '60. (MIREA 13:11)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V.Lomonosova.
(Dashkesan region--Minerals)

GRUDEV, A.P.

"True" equation of regression in calculating the reserves of accessory minerals. Razved. i okh. nedr 26 no.6:21-23 Je '60. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Trace elements) (Prospecting)

GRUDEV, A.P.

Petrology of the Dashkesan intrusive massif (Transcaucasis).
Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 4: Geol. 16 no.1:46-56 Ja-F '61.
(MIRAL4:3)
1. Kafedra mineralogii Moskovskogo universiteta.
(Transcaucasia--Rocks, Igneous)

185100

1996 1413 1454

32794
S/137/61/000/012/078/149
A006/A101

AUTHORS: Grudev, A. P., Zil'berg, Yu. V., Zhuk, V. G., Stepanova, L. D.,
Tarshinov, V. I.

TITLE: Peculiarities of cold rolling of cast iron sheets

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 12, 1961, 7, abstract 12D43
(V sb. "Polucheniye izdeliy iz zhidk. met. s uskoren. kristallizatsiyey", Moscow-Kiyev, Mashgiz, 1961, 211-223)

TEXT: Investigations were made with specimens and sheets of conventional cast-iron containing in %: C 3 - 3.4; Si 1.4 - 1.7; Mn 0.4 - 0.7; S 0.1, P about 0.1. It was established that the optimum degree of deformation in cold rolling of sheets which assures the highest indices of strength and ductility, is 25 - 30%. The properties of sheets depend mainly on total deformation; the effect of the factor of deformation divisibility during rolling was very small. High-quality longitudinal rolling of sheets is achieved in rolls with concave outline, i.e. when the shape of the slit between the rolls corresponds to the cross sectional shape of the sheet supplied for rolling. It is also required that the sheets be free of slag trails. The use of spindle oil as a technological

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32194
S/137/61/000/012/078/149
A006/A101

Peculiarities of cold rolling of cast iron sheets

grease makes it possible to obtain 7 - 11% drawing in one pass without overloading the mill. The following distribution of drawings over the passes is recommended: 1st pass 6 to 8%; 2 - 8 to 10%; 3 - 5 to 7%. To reduce the possibility of hollow formation, H_{sh} of the roll barrel should be ≥ 100 units. The sheets should be straightened after recrystallization annealing. Mills for the cold rolling of cast-iron sheets should be equipped with 4-roll stands; the roll diameter must be 350 - 400 mm (working rolls) and 900 - 1,100 mm (backing rolls) at a length of the roll barrel $L = b_{max} + 100$ mm, where b_{max} is the maximum width of the sheets to be rolled. The mill motor should have a power of about 350 - 400 kw.

V. D'yakov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

S/137/61/000/012/079/149
A006/A101

AUTHORS: Grudev, A. P., San'ko, N. M., Zil'berg, Yu. V., Zhuk, V. G.

TITLE: Hot rolling of white iron sheets and its effect on the structure and properties of the metal

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 12, 1961, 7, abstract 12D44
(V sb. "Polucheniye izdeliy iz zhidk. met. s uskoren. kristallizatsiyey", Moscow-Kiyev, Mashgiz, 1961, 224-235)

TEXT: Experimental hot rolling was carried out with conventional, low-silicon and low-carbon white iron sheets, and specimens with an S content raised to 0.14%. The initial thickness was 0.6 - 2 mm; width 100 mm, and length 200 - 300 mm. The specimens were cut with the aid of a fine emery wheel out of full-dimensional white iron sheets selected immediately after forming. Hot rolling was performed on a two-high mill with polished quenched steel rolls of 185-200mm in diameter, 180 mm barrel length and 0.3 m/sec rolling speed. Independent of the chemical composition the white iron sheets possessed considerable ductility at 750 - 1,050°C. δ per pass was 1 - 10% and more. When rolling the specimens individually at 950 - 1,000°C, δ as high as 15 - 34% was attained. Industrial

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Hot rolling of white iron sheets ...

S/137/61/000/012/079/0149
A006/A101

tests confirmed the possibility of hot rolling of white cast-iron sheets. Rolling affects considerably the structure of white iron sheets; the amount of graphite impurities is sharply raised; their size is reduced; the graphitization rate is raised and a number of other structural changes take place. It is recommended to design a mill for the hot rolling of white iron sheets as a four-high type with roll diameters of 250 - 300 mm (working rolls) and 600 - 800 mm (backing rolls), and a barrel length $L_{max} = b_{max} + 100$ mm, where b_{max} is the greatest width of the white iron sheets to be rolled. The possibility of regulating the revolution of the rolls must be provided for. Maximum rolling speed can be assumed to be about 3 m/sec. Gas torches should be mounted along the barrel of the rolls to heat the rolls and to regulate their profile.

V. D'yakov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

GRUDEV, A.P.

Statistical method of calculating the spacial distribution
of ore bodies. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol. i razv. 4 no.1:
78-82 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova.
(Prospecting)

GRUDEV, A.P.

Relationship between the chemical and mineral composition of
rocks of the quartz-diorite and granodiorite family. Biul.
MOIP. Otd. geol. 36 no.2:131-132 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:7)
(Geology--Congresses)

GRUDEV, A.P.; ZIL'BERG, Yu.V.

Relation of maxima angles of grip to the thickness of the strip
being rolled. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern met. 5 no.1:112-
120 '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy metallurgicheskiy institut.
(Rolling(Metalwork))

GRUDEV, A.P.; ZILBERG, I.V. [Zil'berg, I.V.]

Dependence of the maximum gripping angles on the thickness of
laminated bands. Analele metalurgie 16 no.4:112-121 O-D '62.

GRULEV, A.P.; RUMYANTSEV, G.S.

Morphogranulometric study of ore minerals as a preliminary estimation of the quality of ores. Vest.Mosk.un.Ser.4: Geol. 17 no.2:67-70 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Kafedra mineralogii Moskovskogo universiteta,
(Sayan Mountains--Ores--Sampling and estimation)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

GRUDEV, A.P.

Studies of the relation between the properties and the composition
of rock-forming minerals. Biul.MOIP.Otd.geol. 37 no.2:160-161
Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:7)
(Mineralogy, Determinative)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8"

GRUDEV, A. P., kand. tekhn. nauk; ZIL'BERG, Yu. V., inzh.

Maxima angles of bite in the rolling of steel and nonferrous
metals. Nauch. trudy DMI no.48:186-191 '62.
(MIRA 15:10)

(Rolling(Metalwork)) (Friction)

GRUDEV, A. P., kand. tekhn. nauk; ZIL'BERG, Yu. V., inzh.

Investigating external friction during the rolling of lead.
Nauch. trudy DMI no.48-299-310 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

(Rolling(Metalwork)) (Friction)

CHEKMAROV, A.P., adademik; GRUDOV, A.P., kand. tekhn.nauk; TARAN, Yu.N., kand. tekhn.nauk; ZIL'BERG, Yu.V., inzh.; KUNILENKO, V.Kh., inzh.; DERGACH, A.Ya., inzh.; LITINSKIY, D.M., inzh.; NESTEROVA, G.V., inzh. SAMOYLENKO, V.D., inzh.

Reducing metal sticking on the rolls during the hot rolling of stain-less tubes. Stal' 23 no.7:631-635 Jl '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. AN UkrSSR (for Chekmarev).
(Pipe mills) (Steel, Stainless)

L 33931-65 EPF(c)/EWP(k)/EWA(c)/EWT(m)/ENP(b)/T/EWA(1)/EWP(t) Pf-4/
Pr-5 DJ/HW/JD

ACCESSION NR: AP4049066

S/0148/64/000/011/0131/0136

AUTHOR: Chukharev, A. P.; Grudev, A. P.; Zil'berg, Yu. V.

35
36

TITLE: Use of lubricants in hot rolling of steel

B

SOURCE: IVUZ, Chernaya metallurgiya, no. 11, 1964, 131-136

TOPIC TAGS: rolling lubricant, hot rolling, steel rolling, glass lubricant, salt, graphite

ABSTRACT: Investigations were carried out to determine the possibility of using lubricants in the production of thin-walled light-weight sections. The lubricants were required to reduce external friction significantly, not liberate smoke, soot, etc., not have a deleterious effect on the equipment and rolled metal, be easily removed from the surface of the finished rolled product or be retained as an intact, strong film, and be cheap and readily available. All lubricants were used in powder form. The lubricants used were; window glass, a mixture of window glass and silver graphite (1:1 by volume), No. 6 glass, and common salt. The experiments were carried out on a laboratory mill with 205.6-206.6 mm diam. rolls. The rolls were chilled cast iron; barrel hardness was Shore 65; rolling speed was 0.3 m/sec. The specimens were heated in a furnace at 30-50°C above the rolling temperature. After heating, the specimens were removed from the

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ACCESSION NR: AP4049066

furnace, descaled, immersed in the powdered lubricant, returned to the furnace and held 5-10 min. before rolling. The factors investigated were: general characteristics of lubricant behavior, spreading, forward creep, rolling pressure, and maximal angle of contact. It was found that in hot rolling of steel it is advantageous to use lubricants in the finishing passes to reduce external friction and roll wear. The investigations are to continue in order to determine efficient compositions of lubricants and to develop a device for supplying the lubricant to the metal being rolled. "P. L. Klimenko determined the specific rolling pressures." Orig. art. has: 4 tables, 1 figure, and 2 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Dnepropetrovskiy metallurgicheskiy institut (Dnepropetrovsk metallurgical institute)

SUBMITTED: 31Jul62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: KP, MM, IB

NO REF Sov: 007

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2

SERGEYEVA, N.Ye.; GRUDEV, A.P.

Chemical composition of magnetite. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 4: Geol.
19 no.4:27-36 Jl-Ag '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra mineralogii Moskovskogo universiteta.

БИБЛІОГРАФІЯ (непроприємні, погані, зліткі, непроприємні)

Influence of the metal temperature on the coefficient of friction during rolling. Izv. AN SSSR. Met. i gorn. delo no.6(16)-164 N.D. '64.

(МРР 18-1)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

GRUDEV, A.P., COMM RUMBLE

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DATE 08-10-2001 BY SP2 DRS/MK

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GRUDEV, A.P.

Some new concepts on petrochemical recalculations. Biul. MOIP
Otd. geol. 40 no. 6:138-139 N-D '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Submitted April 1, 1965.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

GRUDEV, D. I.

24169 GRUDEV, D. I. Izuchenije plokovitosti sviney pri nezheporodnom skreshchivani.
Sov. zootekhnika, 1949, No. 3, s. 63-68.

SC: Letopis, No. 32, 1949.

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GANDY, D.

Swine

Planned interbreeding in pig raising. Kilkh. proizv. 12 no. 2, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952 Uncl.

YESAULOV, P.A., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; ALIKAYEV, V.A.,
kandidat veterinarnykh nauk; GRUDOV, D.I., kandidat sel'skokhozyay-
stvennykh nauk; DOROKHOV, S.M.; TABANOV, G.Y., kandidat sel'sko-
khozyaystvennykh nauk; FANDIYEV, B.V., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystven-
nykh nauk; SHAIN, S.S., professor; PETROVSKAYA, A.P., redaktor;
TATAPOV, M.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Fundamentals of stockbreeding; a textbook for students in secondary
rural schools] Osnovy zhivotnovodstva; uchebnoe posobie dlia ucha-
shchikhsia sel'skoi srednei shkoly. Pod red. P.A. Yesaulova. Moskva,
Gos. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo Ministerstva prosveshcheniya RSFSR,
1956. 294 p.
(MLRA 10:1)

1. Starshiy spetsialist Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva SSSR
(for Dorokhov)
(Stock and stockbreeding)

GRUDEV, D.I.

GRUDEV, D.I., Doc Agr Sci -- (diss) "The Urzhumskaya breed of hogs and basic problems of the theory and practice of its raising." Mos, 1957. 30 pp (All-Union Order of Lenin Acad of Agr Sci im V.I.Lenin. All-Union Sci Res Inst of Animal Husbandry). (KL, 20-58, 99)

USSR/Farm Animals - Swine

Q-5

Abstr Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 6, 1958, No 26201

Author : Grudov D.I.

Inst : Not Given

Title : The Process of Growth and Development of the Urzhum Swine
(Zakonomernost rosta i razvitiya urzhuskikh svinoy)

Orig Pub : Vestnik s.-kh. nauki, 1957, No 6, 64-73

Abstract : In the experiments in the raising of supernumerary swine of the Urzhum brood, carried out in the sovkhoz "Mukhinskiy" and kolkhoz "Kreysor Avrora" of the Kirov Oblast', 89 pigs at 12 months of age attained 182 kg. on the average, and the best of them 226-235 kg. In order to study the growth of organs and tissues, 18 heads of swine aged 1-21 days, 2, 6, 7, 10 and 12 months were killed in 7 slaughterings. During the first year of the life of swine, three stages of growth are distinguished. In the first stage (up to 2 months of age), the digestive organs grow more; in the second stage (from 2 to 6 months), muscle tissue grows and the growth of fat con-

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USSR/Farm Animals - Swine

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001, No CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8"

tinues, but the rate of the growth of digestive organs decreases; in the third stage (from 6 to 12 months), fat grows more than other tissues, and the intensiveness of the growth of muscles, skeleton, skin, and internal organs becomes stabilized.

Card : 2/2

ROSTOVTSYEV, N.; DOBRYNIN, P.; TIKHOMIROV, V.; LOGACHEV, A.; SHAKUN, V.;
GRUDEV, D.; KUDRYAVTSEV, P.; MALEYEV, M.; SOKOV, N.; KORNIKOV, V.;
TOLOKONNIKOV, A.; PUSTOVALOV, A.; RED'KIN, A.; BLOMKVIST, M.;
PETROV, N.; SHUBSKIY, I.; SEMENOV, S.; POPOV, G.; BRODOV, K.;
KORENEV, P.

Professor M.N. IAkovlev; obituary. Zhivotnovodstvo 19 no.12:90
D '57. (MIRA 10:12)
(IAkovlev, Mitrofan Nikolaevich, 1878-1957)

GRUDEV, Dmitriy Ivanovich; BALAKIN, V.M., red.; SHESHNEVA, E.A.,
tekhn. red.

[Organization of breeding work in swine raising] Organizatsiya
plemennoi raboty v svinovodstve. Moskva, Izd-vo M-va sel'-
khoz.RSFSR, 1962. 137 p. (MIRA 17:1)

GRODEV, D.I., doktor sel'skokhez. nauk; KOTOV, P.Ya., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
RODIONOVSKIY, M.S., nauchnyy sotrudnik; SYRKIN-SHIGOVSKIY,
Ye A., nauchnyy sotrudnik; UNANOV, G.S., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Use of the tissue preparation VNIIMP-3 in the fattening of
swines. Trudy VNIIMP no.15:13-19 '63. (MIRA 17:5)

GRUDEV, D., doktor sel'skokhoz. nauk; KURITSYN, N.; PANOVА, N.

Modification of the system for the receiving of cattle by the meat combines and pyaments for cattle based on the weight and quality of meat. Mias. ind. SSSR 34 no.4:37-39 '63.

(MIRA 16:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy promyshlennosti.

GRUDEV, D. I.; SMIRNITSKAYA, N. Ye.

"Objective methods of evaluation of young beef carcasses qualities by their morphological structure."

report submitted for 10th European Mtg, Meat Res Workers, Rockilde, Denmark,
7-15 Aug 1964.

GRUDEV, D.I., doktor sel'skokhoz. nauk; SADOVNIKOVA, N.V., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SMIRNITSKAYA, N.Ye.; KARAVAYEVA, S.G.; KOTOV, P.Ya.; RODIONOVSKIY, M.S.; KRYLOVA, N.N., kand. biol. nauk; KRASIL'NIKOVA, T.F., inzhener-khimik; SOLNTSEVA, G.L., aspirant; KUZNETSOVA, V.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; Prinimali uchastiye: BAZAROVA, K.I.; MALYGINA, M.I.; BUDINSKAYA, S.Z.; SINITSYNA, I.K.

Comparative evaluation of the fattening and slaughtering characteristics of Shorthorn and Kalmyk steers and physico-chemical indices of their meat. Trudy VNIIMP no.16:5-23 '64.
(MIRA 18:11)

GRUDEV, F.I.

Malarial and malarial-quinacrine psychoses. Zhur. nevr. i psikh.
Supplement:60-61 '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Kafedra psichiatrii Omskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni M.I.
Kalinina i Omskaya psikhonevrologicheskaya bol'ница
(PSYCHOSES) (MALARIA) (QUINACRINE)

GRUDEV, F. I.

Effect of acrichine on the higher nervous activity in dogs [with
summary in English]. Zhur.vys.nerv.deiat. 7 no.4:582-590 J1-Ag '57.
(MIRA 10:12)

1. Kafedra psichiatrii i kafedra normal'noy fiziologii Omskogo
meditsinskogo instituta.

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED,

eff. of quinacrine on higher nervous activity (Rus))

(QUINACRINE, effects,

on higher nervous activity in dogs, conditioned reflex
method of determ. (Rus))

USSR / Pharmacology and Toxicology. Chemotherapeutic Agents.
Antimalarial Agents.

V-10

Abs Jour : Ref. Zhur - Biologiya, No 17, 1958, No. 80717

Author : Grudev, F. I.

Inst : Omsk Medical Institute

Title : On the Problem of the Influence of Quinacrine on the Activity
of the Higher Sections of the Central Nervous System of
Animals

Orig Pub : Tr. Omskogo med. in-ta, 1957, No 21, 74-80

Abstract : The influence of various doses of quinacrine (I)
administered orally, on salivary conditioned reflexes was
investigated on 3 dogs. 511 experiments were conducted.
I, in doses of 1-8 mg/kg, selectively strengthened the
process of excitation; in doses of 4-8 mg/kg I, along with
strengthening of the stimulator process, according to the
law of negative induction, it also improves the

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USSR / Pharmacology and Toxicology. Chemotherapeutic Agents.
Antimalarial Agents.

V-10

Abs Jour : Ref. Zhur - Biologiya, No 17, 1958, No. 80717

differontiating inhibition of the reflex. Doses of 16-32 mg/kg exert a tonic effect, up to the disappearance of conditioned and unconditioned reflexes; protective inhibition sets in in the cortex of the brain and a dissociation of the subcortical activity occurs. Repeated introduction of I in a dose of 4 mg/kg in animals subjocted earlior to the influence of I, leads to the impairment of the conditioned reflex activity. In dogs of the strong type of nervous system, quinacrine intoxication was less expressed and disappeared more rapidly than in dogs of the excitable type.

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GRUDEV, F. I., Candidate of Med Sci (diss) -- "Acrichine psychoses (Clinical and experimental data)". Omsk, 1959. 22 pp (Novosibirsk State Med Inst), 250 copies (KL, No 21, 1959, 119)

GRUDEV, F.I.

Tularemic psychoses and their treatment. Zdrav.Kazakh. 22
no.6:30-33 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz kafedry psikiatrii (zav. - kand.med.nauk F.I.Grudev)
Semipalatinskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(TULAREMIA) (PSYCHOSES)

S/137/62/000/005/068/150
A006/A101

AUTHOR: Grudev, I. D.

TITLE: Non-stationary process of extruding and drawing thin-walled pipes

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 5, 1962, 39-40, abstract
5D227 ("Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. tekhn. n. Mekhan. i mashinostr.", 1961,
no. 5, 119-123)

TEXT: The author analyzes problems of non-stationary extrusion and drawing in the finishing of thin-walled pipes, when the longitudinal force pushes the pipe into a conic or other contraction of the die and when the pipe end is drawn through the die. The pipe is considered to be non-compressible with extremely thin walls; it is assumed that the pipe material corresponds to the Saint-Venant condition of ductility; pipe friction against the die walls is neglected. The system of three equations obtained, pertains to the hyperbolic type and has two different groups of characteristic features which are determined by an equation that can be integrated by the method of final differences with arbitrary approximation. As a result, normal stress σ_k , pipe thickness n , and

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Non-stationary process of extruding ...

S/137/62/000/005/068/150
A006/A101.

speed v can be determined and then pressure p can be found. An example is given of calculating the most conventional die type with a surface formed by the rotation of the circumferential arc around an axis.

M. Feygin

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation] ✓

Card 2/2

S/137/62/000/004/070/201
A052/A101

AUTHOR: Grudev, I. D.

TITLE: Drawing thin-wall pipes through non-conical matrices

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, no. 4, 1962, 35-36, abstract
4D205 ("Tr. Mosk. fiz.-tekhn. in-ta", no. 7, 1961, 85-96)

TEXT: The problems of drawing and upsetting thin-wall pipes through a non-conical matrix are discussed. The pipe material is assumed to be perfectly plastic; the matrix is assumed to be so lubricated that there is no friction between the pipe and the matrix walls. Initially the pipe has a constant wall thickness both crosswise and along the generatrix. The problem is reduced to the solution of a system of differential equations which can be integrated in a finite form.

K. Ursova

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

GRUDEV, I.D. (Moskva)

Drawing and pressing thin-walled pipes through rigid dies.
Inzh.zhur. 1 no.3:122-130 '61. (MIRA 15:2)
(Pipe mills)

GRUDEV, I. D.

Dissertation defended at the Institute of Mechanics for the academic degree of Candidate of Physicomathematical Sciences:

"Plastic Flows in Wave Generation of Pipes of Noncircular Profile."

Vestnik Akad Nauk, No. 4, 1963, pp. 119-145

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

SIGOV, I.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; GUDDEV, M.L., inzh.

Multipurpose planetary reducing gears. Vest.mashinostr. 43
no.9:43-44 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8"

GRUDEV, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Deflection of work rolls as consequence of the simultaneous
flattening of work and back-up rolls. Obr.met.davl. no.2:200-223
'53. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Zavod "Zaporoshstal'."
(Rolls (Iron mills))

~~GRUDEV, P.I., inzh.~~

Transverse flattening of rolls. Obr.met.davl. no.2:22!-235
'53. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Zavod "Zaporozhstal",
(Rolls (Iron mills))

GRUDEV, P.I.

Sturdiness of the bed plate of rolling mill stands. Vest.mash. 33 no.11:
21-23 N '53. (MLRA 6:12)
(Rolling-mill machinery)

123-1-503

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, 1957,
Nr 1, p.82 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Chekmarev, A.P., Saf'yan, M.M., Pavlov, V.L.,
Grudev, P.I.

TITLE: Tentative Heat Balance in Plastic Deformation
(Orientirovochnyy teplovoy balans pri plasticheskoy
deformatsii)

PERIODICAL: Trudy In-ta chernoy metallurgii AN UkrSSR,
1956, Nr 10, pp. 129-137.

ABSTRACT: For a proper selection of the cooling system for
rollers in a cold-rolling mill it is necessary to know
the quantity of heat emanating during the period of
metal deformation, and the distribution of this heat.
The author's research has indicated that the generated
heat is being dissipated in the two

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123-1-503

Tentative Heat Balance in Plastic Deformation (Cont.)

running rollers, two supporting rollers, the rolled metal strip and in the coolant. The authors present thermal design data of the mill with running rollers of 400 mm in diameter, supporting rollers of 1,370 mm in diameter, the rollers' shaft of 1,600 mm long, and the 2,250 HP engine at 300 to 500 rpm.

M.I.M.

Card 2/2

GRUDIN, P.I., Doc Tech Sci--(disc) "Rolling of thin sheets and strips, and elastic deformation of cylinders." Iss, 1950. 17 pp (Min of Higher Education USSR). Doc Order of Labor Red Banner Inst of Steel in I.V.Stalin), 120 copies. (RL,47-51,138)

- 3 / -

AUTHOR: Grudev, P. I. (Cand.Tech.Sciences)

60v/133/58-9-13/29

TITLE: Main Causes of the Differences in the Thickness of Hot
Rolled Strip Produced on Continuous Mills (Osnovnyye
prichiny raznotolshchinnosti polos pri goryachey prokatke
na nepreryvnykh stanakh)

PERIODICAL: 'Stal', 1958, Nr 9, pp 813-817 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: On the basis of an analysis of the results of investigation of the causes of the variation in thickness of hot rolled strip during rolling the author arrived at the following conclusions. Variations in the strip thickness along its length are due to regular and incidental causes. To the first kind belong: the lack of tension during rolling of the end of the strip and a regular decrease in temperature of the strip during the rolling process. These two causes produce the highest departures from the nominal strip thickness. In this case the elimination of the variation in the thickness can be obtained by a strict programming of an automatic control of the screw down mechanism along

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Sov/133/58-9-13/29

Main Causes of the Differences in the Thickness of Hot Rolled Strip Produced on Continuous Mills

the length of strip (Fig.8). In order to eliminate the variation in thickness caused by incidental causes the screw down mechanism should be equipped with a closed system of thickness control. It is expedient to use the metal pressure on rolls as a signal initiating the screw down mechanism. The control of the strip thickness by a variation in tension is also possible. There are 8 figures.

ASSOCIATION: TsNIIChM

Card 2/2

G Rudev, P. I.

.25(1)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/1878

Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii. Institut
stali

Prokatnoye i truboprotkatnoye proizvodstvo (Rolling and Tube Rolling) Moscow,
Metallurgizdat, 1959. 268 p. (Series: Its: Sbornik trudov, vyp. 16)
Errata slip inserted. 2,500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Gosudarstvennaya planovaya komissiya.

Ed.: B. P. Bakhtinov; Ed. of Publishing House: N. A. Valov; Tech. Ed.: A. I.
Karasev.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles may be of interest to scientific workers,
process engineers in rolling and tube-rolling plants, and students of metal-
lurgical vtuzes.

COVERAGE: The articles describe work done at the laboratory for metal forming
at the Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii
(Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy). Some theo-
retical and practical problems of hot and cold rolling of simple and intricate

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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- shapes and tubes are considered. Many of the articles discuss results of scientific research carried out under actual operating conditions. K.K. Andratskiy, A.I. Filatova, V.S. Smirnov, P.T. Yemel'yanenko, A.I. Tselikov, N.D. Lomakin, V.Ya. Ostrenko, D.Ye. Rokhman, O.A. Plyatskovskiy, I.A. Fomichev, Yu.K. Fedorov, and V.N. Shashkov are mentioned as having contributed to this field. There are 37 references: 33 Soviet and 4 German.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Chizhikov, Yu.M., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Influence of Various Factors on Rate of Production of Blooming Mills

5

The author shows how the rate of production of blooming mills is affected by the weight of ingots, number of passes, size of blooms produced, number of manipulations, speeds and dwells during rolling, and how all these factors affect each other. The increase in rate of production of a blooming mill for any individual case can be calculated from Formula 7.

Chizhikov, Yu.M., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and I.G. Drozd. Some Strength Characteristics of a Blooming Mill

23

The authors discuss the design for strength of the main part of a blooming mill and compare data on existing pressures in blooming mills used in four plants.

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Chizhikov, Yu. M., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Lateral
Deformation in Rolling and Forging of Large Sections
The author discusses spread of blooms in rolling and forging

36

Kabantsev, N. A. and I. G. Drozd, Engineers. Pressure of Work on
Rolls and Torques in Rolling Alloy Steels on Blooming Mills

47

The pressure was measured by strain gages. The torque was determined
by the formula $M_d = 0.97K\Phi I$, where M_d is torque of motor shaft; K
a coefficient constant for a given mill; Φ the magnetic flux of the
motor, and 0.97 the efficiency of the installation.

Kabantsev, N. A., Engineer. Determination of Torques in Rolling
Experiments were made in the laboratory and under operating
conditions by means of torsimeters. The deformations were picked
up by wire strain gages.

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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Vitkin, A.I., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Single-stand
Continuous Mill

The author discusses the increase of the draft until a 90 percent reduction is attained in a single pass through the stand. A single-stand rolling mill with two pairs of working rolls was built in the TsNIITMASH rolling laboratory. The results of laboratory rolling are given.

71

Grudev, P. I., Candidate of Technical Sciences. On Determination of
Flattening of Rolls [During Rolling]

The author offers a method of determining the elongation of the arc of contact due to flattening of rolls.

81

Svede-Shvets, N. I., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Methods of Measuring the Temperature of the Roll Surface of Sheet Mills
In TsNIIChM (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy) two methods of measuring the temperature of moving bodies were developed: 1) by stationary thermocouples (measuring the drop in temperature between two points), and 2) by a movable ("walking") thermocouple for measuring the true temperature. Measurement of temperature of rolls during rolling is desirable in order to

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

SOV/1978

control the temperature of rolls--i.e., the uniformity of sheet thickness-- automatically.

Aleksandrova, T. K., Engineer. Some Problems of Pass Design of Rolls for Cold Rolling of Shapes

In designing passes for cold rolling of complex shapes a special technique which assures dimensional accuracy of shapes should be used. Basic considerations for designing passes for complex shapes are presented.

102

Pavlov, Ig.M., Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences, USSR, Doctor of Technical Sciences, and M. L. Zaytsev, Engineer. Method of Comparing Pass Designs as Related to Efficiency of Deformation

To compare the amount of deformation in one pass, the authors use the interrelations between cross-sectional areas of the work: $F_{initial}$, F_{end} , and $F_{displaced}$. As a criterion for efficiency of deformation, the ratio of volume displaced in the longitudinal direction to the volume displaced in the lateral direction may be used.

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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Zaytsev, M. L., Engineer. Efficiency of Deformation During Rolling in Diamond and Oval Shapes as Compared With Deformation in Plain Rolls
The author describes the methods of experiments he conducted on the basis of the idea presented in the preceding article and presents results of their evaluation. He comes to the conclusion that the criteria examined make it possible to answer the question of the suitability of using a given pass design. He found that in deformation of a square bar a higher efficiency was attained in a diamond pass than in an oval pass, or in plain rolls.

122

Zaytsev, M. L., Engineer. Design of a Diamond Pass for a Diamond-square System¹³⁴
Using the relations presented in the article written with Ig. M. Pavlov (p. 111), the author shows how to determine the dimensions of a diamond pass and of the following square pass.

Chizhikov, Yu. M., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and A. N. Funde, Engineer. Conditions for Obtaining Quality Hollow Steel Bar Stock for Drilling
The article discusses sizes and mechanical properties of billets with inserted cores and also the pass design necessary for making a good product.

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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Funde, A. N., Engineer. Effect of Some Processing Factors on the Quality of Hollow Steel Bar Stock for Drilling

154

The influence of heating conditions, of the clearance between the billet and the inserted core, of the billet's curvature, of the displacement of the center of the hole, and of tilting the stock are discussed.

Teterin, P. K., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Tangential Slipping and Friction Forces in Cross Rolling and Roll Piercing

162

The author discusses discrepancies between experimental and theoretical data concerning the direction of slipping of the work and of tangential forces acting in cross rolling and roll piercing. Equations for rolling contact angle, for coefficient of tangential slip, and for efficiency are derived.

Teterin, P. K., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Conditions for Rotation of the Work in Roll Piercing

181

Equations based on deformation and giving the conditions for regular rotation of work are derived and compared with an equation based on the kinematics of rolling. Conditions for gripping the work by rolls are also analyzed.

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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Teterin, P. K., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Twisting of Work in Roll Piercing

195

The author derives equations for the twisting angle and the helix angle of the work for any section of contact area, for the twisting angle after leaving the rolls, and/or the taper angle of the rolls at which there will be no twisting (eq.27). All these equations are derived taking into account the axial slipping of the work and the variation of its axial velocity along the arc of contact.

Teterin, P. K., Yu. V. Manegin, I. Ye. Musorina, and Ye. A. Trifonov, Design of Roll Profile for Rotary Rolling and Sizing Mills

215

The profiling of rolls is described, and results of tests carried out in TsKBMM of TsNIITMASH are presented. It was found that with increasing taper of the gripping portion of sizing rolls, the permissible draft will also increase.

Teterin, P. K., Yu. V. Manegin, and A. S. Burov. Pressure of Work on Rolls in Pilger Process

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The dependence of pressure distribution along the contact arc on roll design, wall thickness of pipe, and amount of feed is explained. The dependence of the amount of pressure on rolling temperature, wall thickness, and feed is established.

Teterin, P. K., N. L. Klyamkin, and I. Ye. Musorina. Mastering the Manufacture of Two-Layer Brazed Tubes

241

The method of cold roll forming of a thin (0.6 to 0.9 mm) copper-coated steel band with tapered edges into a two-layer brazed tube (6 to 16 mm. in diameter) has been developed and mastered in the laboratory for tube manufacture of the Institut metallurgicheskikh problem (Institute for Metallurgical Problems). The authors state that these tubes show a fatigue strength 3 to 4 times higher than that of copper tubes. The corrosion resistance is also better, due to the copper coating; they are approximately 3 times cheaper than copper tubes. The waste of material amounts to only 5 percent in comparison with 50 percent and more in cold drawing.

Pavlov, Ig. M., P. K. Teterin, N. L. Klyamkin, and I. Ye. Musorina. Roll Design for Forming Two-layer Tubes

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Rolling and Tube Rolling

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The two-layer tubes are cold-roll-formed in fourteen-stand continuous machines. The method of roll design, tapering of edges, and the shapes and construction of all 14 pairs of rolls are discussed and illustrated. The process of forming the band into a two-layer tube is described.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 10/10

GO/fal
8-25-59

GRUDEV, P.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Determining the flattening of rolls. Sbor. trud. TSMIICHM
no.16:81-87 '59. (MINA 12:5)
(Rolls (Iron mills))

G. RUDENKO, A. -
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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/6044

Rokotyan, Ye. S., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Ed.
Prokatnoye proizvodstvo; spravochnik (Rolling Industry; Handbook)
v. 2. Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1962. 685 p. 8500 copies
printed.

Authors: P. A. Alekseev, Doctor of Technical Sciences;
V. P. Anisiforov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; V. I. Bayrakov,
Candidate of Technical Sciences; N. V. Barbarich, Candidate
of Technical Sciences; B. P. Balakinov, Candidate of Technical
Sciences [deceased]; B. A. Bryukhanenko, Candidate of Economic
Sciences; M. V. Vasil'chikov, Candidate of Technical Sciences;
A. I. Vitkin, Doctor of Technical Sciences; S. P. Granovskiy,
Candidate of Technical Sciences; E. I. Grudev, Candidate of
Technical Sciences; I. V. Gunin, Engineer; M. Ya. Dzugutov,
Candidate of Technical Sciences; V. G. Drozd, Candidate of
Technical Sciences; N. F. Yermolayev, Engineer; G. H. Katsnel'son,
Candidate of Technical Sciences; M. V. Kovynev, Engineer;
M. Ye. Kugayenko, Engineer; N. V. Litovchenko, Candidate of
Technical Sciences; Yu. M. Matveyev, Candidate of Technical
Sciences;

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Rolling Industry; Handbook

SOV/6044

Sciences; V. I. Meleshko, Candidate of Technical Sciences; N. V. Melkov, Engineer; A. K. Ninburg, Candidate of Technical Sciences; V. D. Nosov, Engineer; B. I. Panchenko, Engineer; O. A. Plyatskovskiy, Candidate of Technical Sciences; I. S. Pobedin, Candidate of Technical Sciences; I. A. Priymak, Professor, Doctor of Technical Sciences [deceased]; A. A. Protasov, Engineer; M. M. Saf'yan, Candidate of Technical Sciences; N. M. Fedosov, Professor; S. N. Filipov, Engineer [deceased]; I. N. Filippov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; I. A. Fomichev, Doctor of Technical Sciences; M. Yu. Shifrin, Candidate of Technical Sciences; E. R. Shor, Candidate of Technical Sciences; M. V. M. M. Shternov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; M. V. Shuralev, Engineer; I. A. Yukhvets, Candidate of Technical Sciences; Kds. of Publishing House: V. M. Gorobinchenko, R. M. Golubchik, and V. A. Rymov; Tech. Ed.: L. V. Dobuzhinskaya.

PURPOSE: This handbook is intended for engineering personnel of metallurgical and machine-building plants, scientific research

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Rolling Industry; Handbook

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- institutes, and planning and design organizations. It may also be used by students at schools of higher education.

COVERAGE: Volume 2 of the handbook reviews problems connected with the preparation of metal for rolling, the quality and quality control of rolled products, and designs of roll passes in merchant mills. The following topics are discussed: processes of manufacturing semifinished and finished rolled products (the rolling of blooms, billets, shapes, beams, rails, strips, wire, plates, sheets, and the drawing of steel wire), hot-dipped tin plates, lacquered plates, floor plates, tubes made by different methods, and special types of rolled products. Problems of the organization of rolling operations are reviewed, and types of rolled products manufactured in the USSR are shown. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

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Rolling Industry; Handbook

SOV/6044

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GRUDEV, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Importance of cold rolling in the production of hot-tinned sheet
steel. Sbor. trud. TSNIICHM no.28:55-61 '62. (MIRA 15:11)
(Sheet steel) (Tinning)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8

GRUDEV, P.I.; DAVYDOV, T.N.

Curves of roughing and the pressure during rolling on a 1450 MMK
continuous hot rolling strip mill. [Sbor. trud.] TSNIICHM no.29:
149-154 '63.
(MIRA 17:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000617110016-8"

L 44-05-66 EWT(m)/EWP(t)/T/STI/EWP(k) IJP(c) JD/HW
ACC NR: AP6029871 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0022/0022

INVENTOR: Voronov, F. D.; Filatov, A. D.; Gun, S. B.; Selivanov, N. M.; Nosov, V. D.; Savel'yev, G. V.; Concharov, F. I.; Plotnikov, P. I.; Roshkov, S. A.; Kustobayev, G. G.; Polushkin, V. P.; Arkhipov, V. M.; Uziyenko, A. M.; Kolov, M. I.; Kozhevnikov, V. P.; Shapiro, B. S.; Kalugin, V. F.; Grudev, P. I.; Aksenov, B. N.; Khomyachkov, A. P.; Rudakov, Ye. A.; Kuzema, I. D.; Gomzin, V. V.; Poydyshev, B. N.; Shternov, M. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: Method of making high-strength steel plates by pack rolling. Class 7,
No. 184232

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 22

TOPIC TAGS: high strength steel, high strength steel plate, high strength steel sheet, steel plate rolling, steel sheet rolling

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method of pack rolling high-strength steel plates and sheets up to 10 mm thick and up to 3500 mm wide in a carbon steel envelope. The method includes cleaning, coating, making of the pack, heating, rolling and subsequent heat treatment. To ensure an accurate thickness of the plates

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UDC: 621.771.23

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ACC NR: AP6029871

or sheets regardless of their location in the pack, the thickness of the envelope must be at least 0.6 of the total initial thickness of the high-strength plates of the pack.

[ND]

SUB CODE: 13/ SUBM DATE: 18Jun64/ ATD PRESS: 5070

Card 2/2 blg

GRUDEVA, N.P.

Use of nonlinear recording in grouping seismographs. Trudy Inst.
fiz. Zem. no.20:113-116 '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Seismic prospecting)

ACCESSION NR: AP4058145

S/0049/64/000/005/0665/0674

AUTHOR: Grudeva, N. P.

TITLE: Properties of the boundary at the core of the earth

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Seriya geofizicheskaya, no. 5, 1964, 665-674

TOPIC TAGS: seismology, elastic wave, wave reflection, seismic discontinuity

ABSTRACT: The author has examined the records of a large number of earthquakes from American and Swedish stations as well as domestic stations for a large geographic distribution of foci. The amplitude characteristics of waves reflected from the core, particularly the ScS and ScP waves, were analyzed to discover the density ratios at the core boundary. These experimentally obtained ratios were compared with theoretical values derived on the basis of a solid-liquid interface with density ratios ranging through values from 1 to 2. Measured density ratios from the seismic records indicate a value exceeding 2, but comparisons with the theoretical computations suggest the value should not exceed 1.8, i.e., the observed value is greater than the computed. The discrepancy may arise either from an actual density ratio greater than 2 at the core boundary or from erroneous computations because of neglect of some factor. A possible factor, omitted in the theoretical consideration,

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ACCESSION NR: AP4038145

might be a transitional layer between core and mantle. If the velocity gradient of such a layer is large and commensurate with the wave length (that is, perhaps 30 to 50 km), then the intensity of the ScP wave would be smaller than if the boundary were sharp, and a density ratio as low as 2.0 might obtain. Examination of the SP and SS waves on the basis that such a layer exists may shed light on the plausibility of the assumption. Orig. art. has: 6 figures, 3 tables, and 2 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Akademiya nauk SSSR Institut fiziki Zemli (Academy of Sciences SSSR, Institute of Physics of the Earth)

SUBMITTED: 05Jun63

DATE ACQ: 12Jun64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: ES

NO REP Sov: 005

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AT6033695

SOURCE CODE: UR/3231/66/000/002/0104/0120

AUTHOR: Grudeva, N. P.

ORG: none

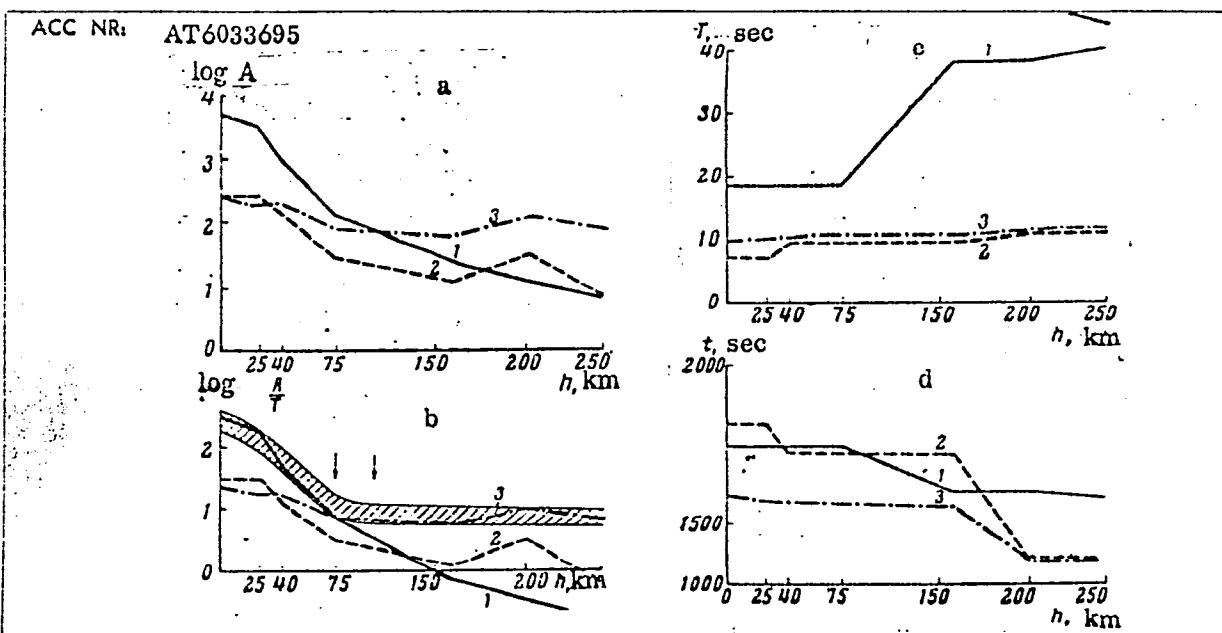
TITLE: Dependence of earthquake magnitude on the focal depth

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Institut fiziki Zemli. Vychislitel'naya seysmologiya, no. 2, 1966. Mashinnaya interpretatsiya seysmicheskikh voln (Computer interpretation of seismic waves), 104-120

TOPIC TAGS: earthquake, seismic wave, seismography, harmonic analysis, seismic model

ABSTRACT: In research into a gross effect of this kind it is sometimes simpler to calculate the theoretical seismograms than the spectra of their experimental counterparts. In this connection, the author calculates and analyzes the theoretical seismograms of the first three harmonics of Love waves in a vertically inhomogeneous medium with several different focal depths (from 0 to 250 km) at epicentral distances of 1000 and 6000 km, by the method and program described by Z. S. Andrianova et al. (Pover-khnostnyye volny Lyava. Izd-vo "Nauka," 1965) It was established that the presence of sediments affects the magnitude of the earthquake only if its focus lies in the crust and not in the mantle. This gives reason to believe that earthquakes with foci in the upper crust may be distinguished according to the fundamental harmonic of Love waves

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ACC NR: AT6033695

(long duration, high frequencies in the presence of foci in the upper crust) if sediments are present. As regards the higher harmonics, the decrease in recorded amplitude with increasing focal depth occurs at a much slower rate than in the case of the fundamental harmonic (Fig. 1), so that the maximum amplitudes switch to the higher harmonics with increase in focal depth. When $h = 2100$ km only the higher harmonics remain on the tracing; this effect may be utilized to estimate the focal depth. A similar analysis of Rayleigh waves will be performed in a subsequent investigation. Orig. art. has: 10 figures, 3 appendices.

SUB CODE: 08, 12, 09/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 003

Card 3/3

Grudin B.M.

127-58-1-22/28

AUTHORS: Volkov, K.D.; Grudin, B.M., and Kal'nitskiy, N.F., Engineers

TITLE: Drifting, Scraper- Hopper-Train (Prokhodcheskiy skrepernyy poyezd-bunker)

PERIODICAL: Gornyy Zhurnal, 1958, Nr 1, pp 72-74 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A drifting, scraper hopper-train was designed, manufactured and applied for drifting a cross in the Belousov mine early in 1957. This hopper-train of the PSPB-1 type consists of individual car sections installed on the carriages of VOK-80 cars, a loading car, and an unloading car, shown in Figures 2, 3 and 4. When the train is being composed, individual sections enter into each other forming thereby a continuous trough-hopper. A scraper winch is installed on a separate carriage and it moves a 0.15 m³ scraper with which the rock is transported from the loading machine into the hopper-train. The technical characteristics of the hopper-train are as follows: the capacity is 25 cu m; the efficiency in loading is 30 cu m/hr and in unloading is 40 cu m/hr; the length is 31,000 m, the width is 1,200 mm and the height is 1,700 mm. The experience of using the PSPB-1 justifies

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Drifting, Scraper- Hopper-Train

127-58-1-22/28

the conclusion that 100 or 150 m per month can become the average speed of drifting horizontal workings.
The article contains 4 figures and 1 photo.

ASSOCIATION: Belousovskoye rudoupravleniye, Vostochno-Kazakhstanskaya oblast'
(Belousovka Mine Administration, East-Kazakhstan Oblast')

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

1. Cargo vehicles-Mines 2. Mines-Equipment 3. Ores-Transportation

Card 2/2

GRUDIN, B.M.

Mining with use of a hopper-train. Shakht. stroi. no. 10:24-26
'58. (MIRA 11:11)

1. Glubochanskoye upravleniye shakhtnogo stroitel'stva, Vostochno-Kazakhstanskaya oblast'.
(Mining machinery) (Mine railroads)

GRUDIN, B.M., inzh.; YURKOV, V.N., inzh.; BELYASHOV, V.N., inzh.

What was made apparent by the use of roof bolting in mining.
Shakht.stroi. no.11:24-27 N '59. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Blubochanskoye shakhtostroyupravleniye, Vostochno-Kazakh-
stanskaya oblast'.
(Mine roof bolting)

YELINSON, I., kand.tekhn.nauk; GRUDIN, L., inzh.

Simplified hand windlasses. Stroitel' no.5:23-24 My '61.
(MIRA 14:6)
(Winches)

GRUDIN, B.M., gornyy inzh.

Reply to the article by P.P.Makarenko and IU.A.Petrov "BPS-1
bunker train for loading rock without changing cars in drifting."
Gor.zhur. no.4:78-79 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Kazgiprosvetmet, Ust'-Kamenogorsk.
(Mine railroads)
(Makarenko, P.P.) (Petrov, IU.A.)

GRUDIN, B.M., inzh.; BELYASHOV, V.N., inzh.; YURKOV, V.N., inzh.

Use of a bunker train in drifting. Shakht.stroi. 6 no.4:4-5
Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Kazgiprosvetmet (for Grudin). 2. Altayskiy gornometallurgicheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut AN KazSSR (for Belyashov, Yurkov).

(Kazakhstan--Mine railroads)